



INSTRUCTION MANUAL

CompetitionX
A WEB SITE FOR THE SERIOUS RACER



ELITE 1/8 SCALE RC RACING CAR





Congratulations and welcome to the Elite of Model Car racing. You now own the most sophisticated model racing car ever made! Therefore we present to you what we feel is the best Instruction Manual ever made. We at Serpent have always prided ourselves on our detailed, well-illustrated instruction manuals and this "next generation" manual is no exception. Having consulted with many specialists, and more importantly many racers, we have come up with an entirely new format for this instruction manual which we feel will compliment our completely new chassis - the VETEQ.

Within the pages of this manual, you will find that the car has been separated into different assemblies and sub-assemblies. At the start of each assembly you will find a detailed exploded view from which all non-relevant and previously assembled parts have been faded. This is so you can easily differentiate between what you need to assemble in the current step, and what you have already assembled in previous steps. We have also added part numbers to the exploded view and a name reference table from which you can easily refer to the parts used in the assembly process.

When you start an assembly, you may be presented with important notes about the assembly process that follows. You should proceed to step 1 and begin to assemble. You will notice that each step contains 2 boxes. In the left box you can easily refer to the hardware required to complete the step, whilst the right box contains an image representation of the assembly step accompanied by text explaining the process in detail. If necessary there will be a cut-away picture to explain a particularly tricky or difficult step.

At certain points throughout the assembly process you will be referred to the all-new VETEQ Set-up Instructions from where you can find additional information and default settings for your VETEQ.

If you have any questions or are encountering problems, we recommend that you visit www.myTSN.com where you will find, if available, supplemental assembly instructions, set-ups and useful tips and tricks. Or, feel free to contact us by mail, phone, fax or E-mail.

We would like to thank you for choosing the VETEQ as the car to take you into the winner's circle, and we wish you every success in assembling and racing it.

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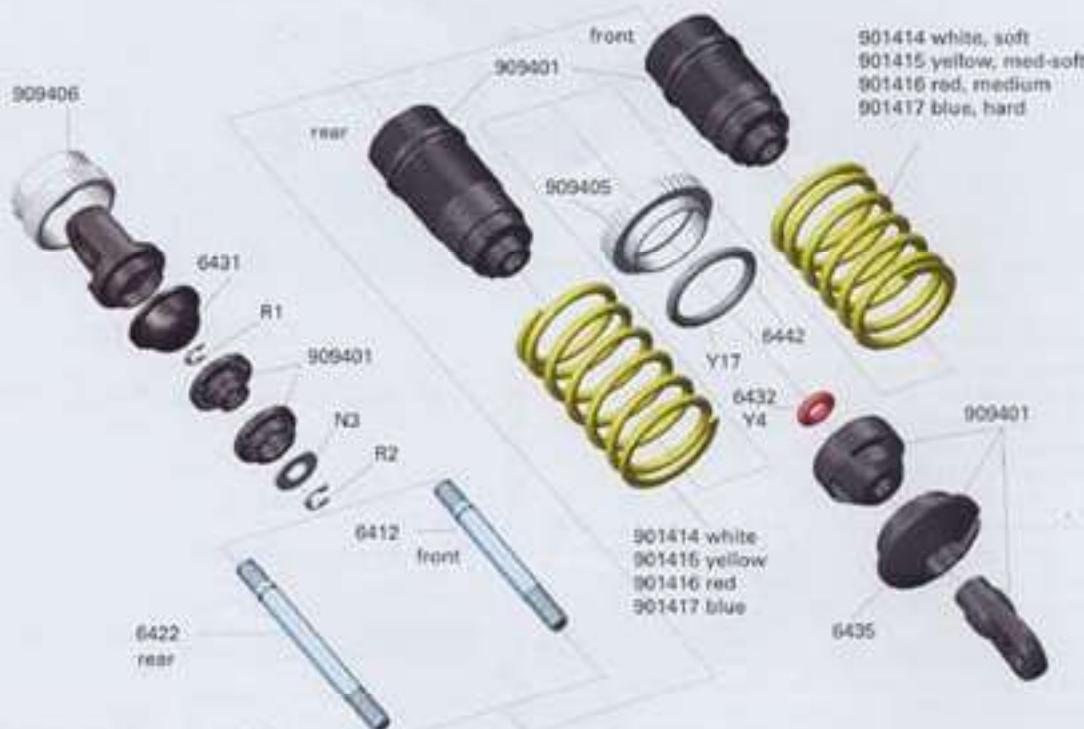
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1. SHOCK ABSORBERS



Nylon frame parts: 909401

Shocks are extremely important for the performance of your car. These unique 4-step adjustable shocks must be assembled with great precision. After removing the nylon parts from the frame, make sure to remove any excess plastic flash with a sharp knife.

Step 1.1

Open bag A (large box)

Cut all shockparts free from the shockparts frame.
Remove any plastic reminders with a sharp knife.
Press top piston into bottom piston



Step 1.2

Press clip R2 to shock-rod groove
Place washer N3 over shock-rod
Turn piston assembly onto shock-rod
Press clip R1 to shock-rod top groove

N3 3x6x0.3mm

R2 2.3mm

R1 1.9mm



Step 1.3

Insert shock-rod with piston into shock body.
- Long rod in long shock body (Rear)
- Short rod in short shock body (Front)

**Step 1.4**

Insert O-ring Y17
into adjusting nut.

Thread adjusting nut onto shock body.

Note: Apply little oil to the O-rings

**Step 1.5**

Cross view of assembled adjusting nut.

**Step 1.6**

Place O-ring Y4 over the shock rod.
Use some shock-oil to lubricate the O-ring.

Apply the end-cap to the bottom part of the shock body
and slide it over the locking cams, turn to lock the end cap.

**Step 1.7**

Grip the top of the thread of the shock rod with pliers,
and thread the ball-joint onto the shock rod.

Tip: Pre-thread the ball-joint using an M3 screw.
This will make it easier to thread the ball-joint
onto the shock rod.

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Hold here



Step 1.8

Slide the piston rod out so that the piston is at the bottom of the shock body. Orient the shock straight up-and-down, and fill the shock body with shock oil.



Bleeding sequence:
Let the oil settle and allow the air to escape. Slowly move the piston up and down until no more air bubbles appear.



Step 1.9

Glue the rubber compensation membrane to the top pivot-point with CA glue.



Step 1.10

Place the top pivot-point on the membrane.

Place the alum, collar over the top pivot-point, and thread all the way onto the shock body. Some excess oil may escape.

Check the well functioning of the shock absorber. The shock must move up and down freely with only "hydraulic" dampening. If any air is still in the shock, open it again and start the bleeding sequence again.

Dampening adjustment:

Pull the piston rod all the way out, and turn slightly to lock the piston in the shock body. Turning the shock rod fully counter-clockwise aligns 4 holes in the pistons (softest); turning the shock rod fully clockwise aligns 1 hole in the pistons (hardest). The shocks have 4 settings, which can be felt by a little click. Set the front shocks to position 3 (3 holes aligned - medium), rear shocks to position 4 (4 holes aligned - softest).



Step 1.11

Shock length adjustment:
Check the length of the shocks,
adjust with the ball-joint.

Front shoc: 67,5 mm
Rear shock: 77,5 mm

In fully extended, locked position.



Step 1.12

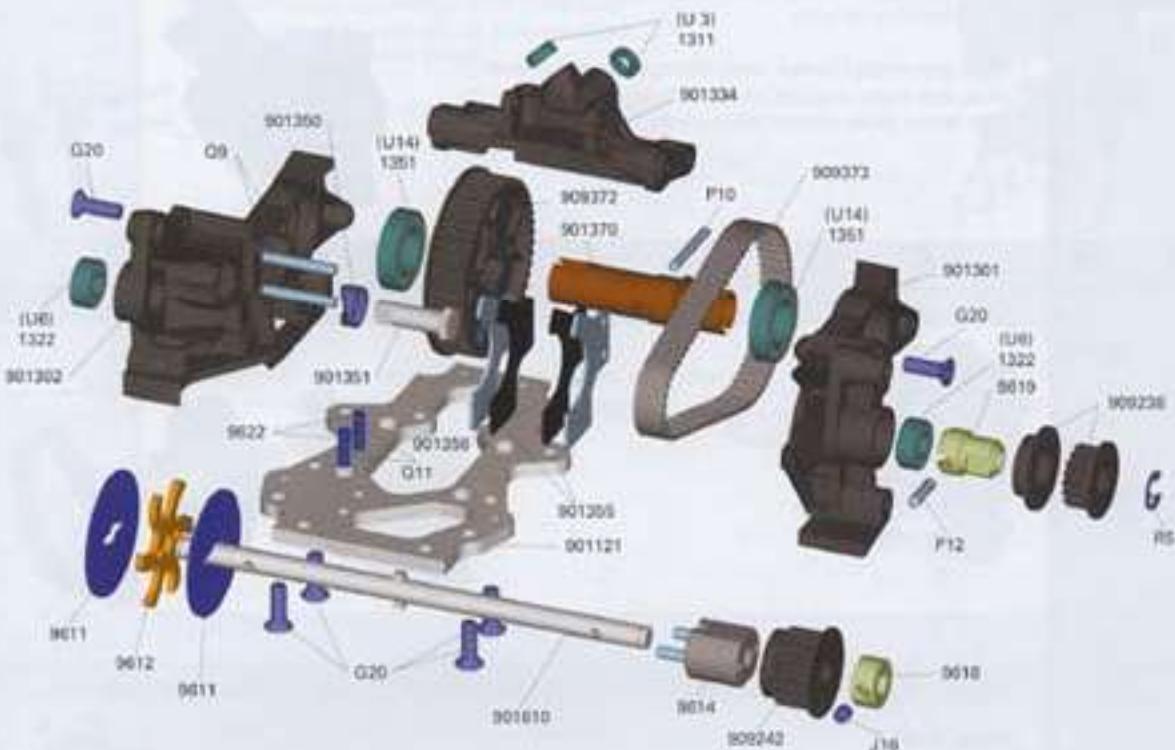
Apply the spring, short springs on short shocks (front)
long springs on long shocks (rear).

Apply the spring support washer.

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2. REAR TRANSMISSION



Step 2.1

Open: bag B, bag D=935 (tooling), bag U (bearings),
bag G19 (screws), bag G20 (screws), EXTRA bag.

Assemble brakepads.

Roughen steel brakeplates with sandpaper.
Glue brakepads to the steel plates with CA glue.
(Note: brakepads must face each other, since brake disk
goes in between).



P10 2.5X22mm



U14
12x21mm

Step 2.2

Assemble rear axle.

Insert pin P10 in the hole of the rear axle.
Slide rear pulley over axle and pin.
Place ball-bearings U14 on each end of the rear axle.



Step 2.3

Open bag C

Slide nylon brake-cam over alum. brake-activator-shaft,
flat edge towards end of shaft. (The hex cavity in the
brake-cam aligns to the hex end of the activator shaft.)
Slide shaft through brake hole of right rear bearingblock.

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Press ballbearing U6 into bearing cavity at front
of bearingblock.



 Q9 2.5x20mm

Step 2.4

Press pins Q9 into right rear bearingblock until pins reach bottom of hole.

Slide assembled brake pads (linings together) over pins, and press against brake activator shaft.
The brake pads should slide freely.



 U3 5x8mm

 G20 4x12mm

Step 2.6

Open bag D

Press bearings U3 into lower rear rocker bracket. Mount lower rear rocker bracket to right rear bearing block, using only rear screw G20.

Place alum. brake disk spacer between the 2 steel-brake disks, and align the holes. Place the brake disk assembly between the 2 brake pads.



 J16 4x4mm

Step 2.7

Open bag E

Press alum. brake adapter into nylon pulley. Slide pulley/adapter over layshaft, seating it over the 2 protrusions.

Slide alum. collar onto 2-speed layshaft, and press against pulley. Align hole in collar with flat on layshaft, then secure collar to layshaft with setscrew J16.



 G20 4x12mm

 U6 6x13mm

Step 2.8

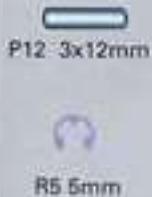
Slide layshaft through free loop-end of rear belt, through brake disk assembly, and through bearing in right rear bearingblock. (Make sure that the pins of the brake adapter slide through the aligned holes of the assembled brake disk.) Slide left rear bearingblock over layshaft. Secure lower rear rocker bracket to the left bearingblock, using only rear screw G20. Slide ballbearing U6 over exposed end of layshaft, and press into cavity in left bearingblock.



**Step 2.9**

Press brake-pad support pins Q11 into rear chassis plate until bottoms of pins are flush with bottom of chassis plate.

Mount rear bearingblocks to rear chassis plate with screws G20.

**Step 2.10**

Press pin P12 through hole in leftmost end of layshaft. Apply pulley adapter, support disc, and pulley. Secure parts with C-clip R5.





G20 4x12mm



J16 4x4mm

Step 3.4*Open bag G*

1:1

Mount rear suspension brackets to bearingblocks with screws G20.



U5 5x10mm



R4 4mm



J16 4x4mm

Step 3.5*Open bag H*

Position rear anti-roll bar torsion shaft vertically between rear bearingblocks. Slide alum. pivot shaft through hole in bearingblock, through end of torsion shaft, and through hole in other bearingblock.

Slide ballbearings U5 over exposed ends of torsion shaft, and press into cavities in bearingblocks.

Secure torsion shaft by applying C-clips R4.

Align torsion shaft with the groove in the center of the alum. pivot shaft. Secure torsion shaft with setscrew J16.



J16 4x4mm

Step 3.6

Slide rear anti-roll bar crossblade through the upper hole of the torsion shaft, and align it in the center. Secure crossblade with setscrew J16.

The orientation of the crossblade determines the stiffness of the rear anti-roll bar. A horizontal crossblade position is stiffest, while a vertical crossblade position is softest. Use the vertical blade position as a starting point.



U3 5x8mm



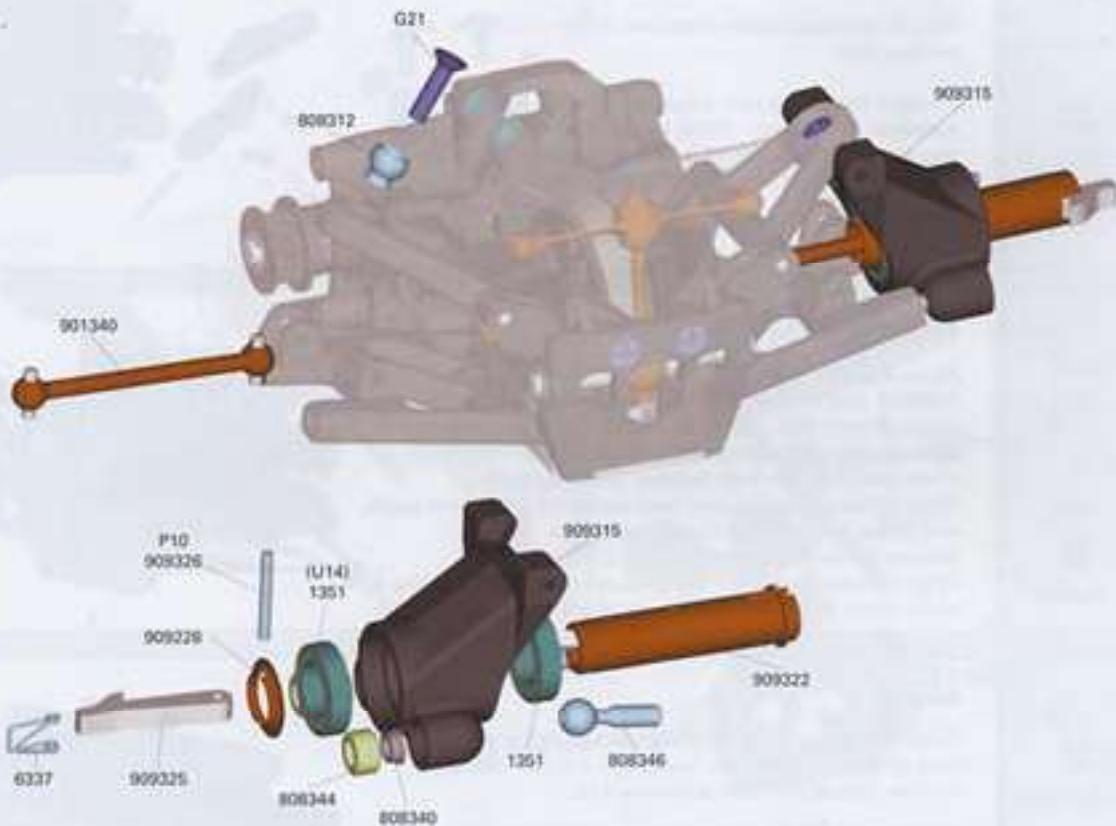
G20 4x12mm

Step 3.7

Press bearings U3 into upper rear rocker bracket. Mount the upper rear rocker bracket to the lower bracket with screws G20.



4. REAR SUSPENSION PART 2



Step 4.1 Open bag I

Push pivot balls into cavities in rear uprights.
Place nylon rings atop pivot balls (curved sides against the pivot balls). Apply grease to threads of alum. plugs.
Thread alum. plugs into cavities in rear uprights.
Adjust alum. plugs to obtain the least possible play of the pivot balls, while still maintaining free movement of the pivot balls in the rear uprights.



U14 12x21mm
P10
2.5x22mm

Step 4.2 Open bag K

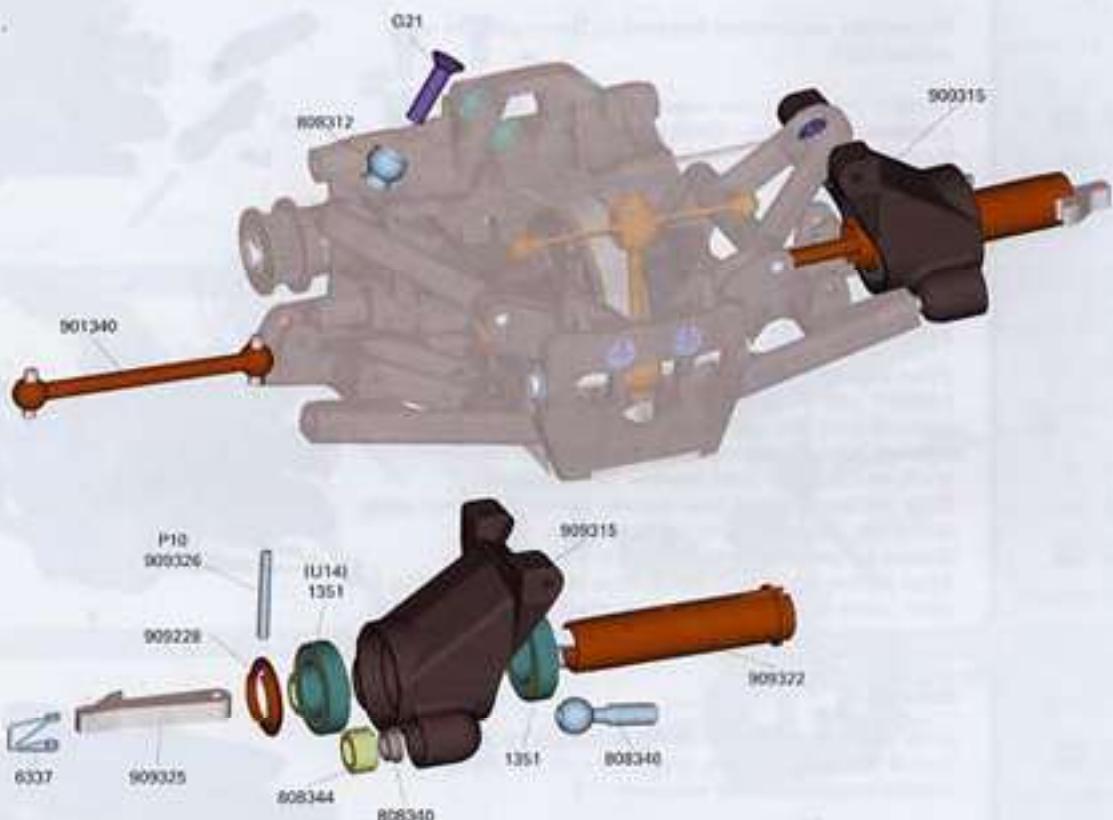
Press ballbearings U14 into rear uprights.

Slide rear wheelaxles through ballbearings until seated, then slide conical support washers over ends of axles; insert alum. quick-change levers into end of axles, and align with holes in axles.

Press pins P10 through the axles and levers, making sure that the pins protrude equally on each side of the axles.



4. REAR SUSPENSION PART 2



Step 4.1 Open bag I

Push pivot balls into cavities in rear uprights. Place nylon rings atop pivot balls (curved sides against the pivot balls). Apply grease to threads of alum. plugs. Thread alum. plugs into cavities in rear uprights. Adjust alum. plugs to obtain the least possible play of the pivot balls, while still maintaining free movement of the pivot balls in the rear uprights.



U14 12x21mm

P10
2.5x22mm

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Slide rear wheelaxles through ballbearings until seated, then slide conical support washers over ends of axles. Insert alum. quick-change levers into end of axles, and align with holes in axles.

Press pins P10 through the axles and levers, making sure that the pins protrude equally on each side of the axles.



Step 4.3

Push the quick-change lever springs through the open ends of the axles. (Tip: use a small screwdriver). Push the springs inwards until the 2 legs snap inside the ends of the axle cavities.



This cross-section shows the position of the quick-change lever spring. Note that the spring legs have snapped inside the outer edge of the wheelaxle.

Step 4.4



Position rear driveshafts in drive slots of rear axle, and in the rear axles.

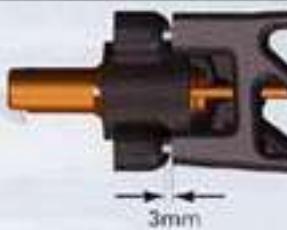
NOTE: Lubricate the ends of the driveshafts with a heavy grease or graphite spray before inserting, repeat this after every 1 hour of usage. Thread the rear upright pivot balls into the ends of the suspension arms by approximately 4 turns. Turn each pivot ball only 1-2 turns at a time, checking that the driveshaft remains in place.



Place screw G21 through the steel pivot ball, then place pivot ball stop hole in upper rear suspension arm. Thread screw G21 into top of rear upright until pivot ball snaps into the upper suspension arm, then tighten against upright.

Step 4.5

Thread the lower pivot balls into the lower rear suspension arms until there is a 3mm gap between the upright and the ends of the suspension arm,



Check the rear suspension for freedom of movement.

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Step 4.3

Push the quick-change lever springs through the open ends of the axles. (Tip: use a small screwdriver). Push the springs inwards until the 2 legs snap inside the ends of the axle cavities.



This cross-section shows the position of the quick-change lever spring. Note that the spring legs have snapped inside the outer edge of the wheelaxle.



Step 4.4

G21 4x16mm



Position rear driveshafts in drive slots of rear axle, and in the rear axles.

NOTE: Lubricate the ends of the driveshafts with a heavy grease or graphite spray before inserting, repeat this after every 1 hour of usage. Thread the rear upright pivot balls into the ends of the suspension arms by approximately 4 turns. Turn each pivot ball only 1-2 turns at a time, checking that the driveshaft remains in place.



Place screw G21 through the steel pivot ball, then place pivot ball atop hole in upper rear suspension arm. Thread screw G21 into top of rear upright until pivot ball snaps into the upper suspension arm, then tighten against upright.

Step 4.5

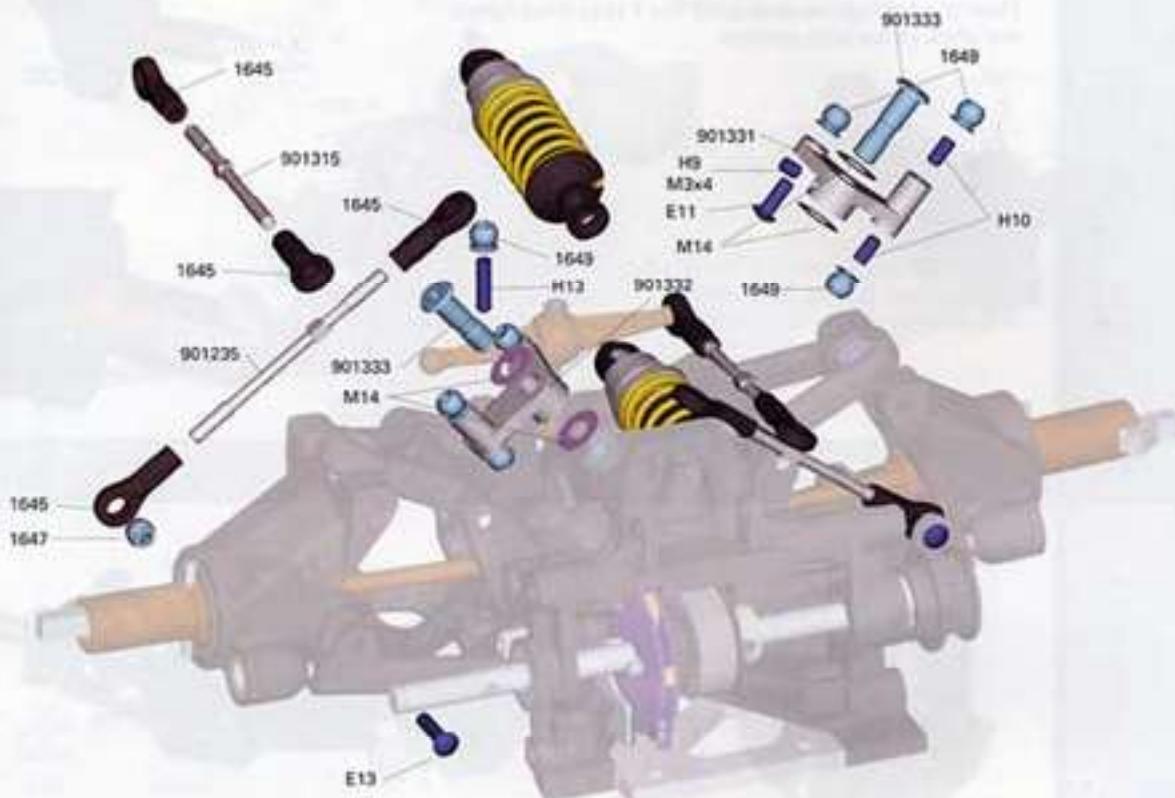
Thread the lower pivot balls into the lower rear suspension arms until there is a 3mm gap between the upright and the ends of the suspension arm.



Check the rear suspension for freedom of movement.



5. REAR SHOCK MOUNTING



H10 3x8mm

E11 3x8mm

Step 5.1

Open bag L

Apply medium-grade (blue) threadlock to setscrews H10, then thread setscrews into right rear rocker. Thread pivot balls onto setscrews until tight against rocker.

Mount third pivot ball to rocker with screw E11.



H10 3x8mm

E11 3x8mm

Step 5.2

Assemble left rear rocker as described in previous step.

NOTE: There is a difference between the right and left rear rockers.



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M14 5x10x0.1
H9 3x4mm

Step 5.3

Open bag M

Apply shims M14 to both sides of rockers. Position rockers and shims between bearings in upper and lower rocker brackets, and align the holes. Insert special pivot pins through aligned holes in brackets and rockers. Secure the pivot pins in the rockers with setscrews H9.

Check the rear rockers for freedom of movement.


E13 3x12mm

Step 5.5

Open bag N

Attach rear pushrods to lower suspension arms. Place the ball-joint pivot balls between the 2 brackets atop the lower suspension arm.

Use screw E13 to secure pushrod to lower suspension arm. Snap other end of pushrod onto indicated pivot ball on rear rocker.


H13 3x12mm

Step 5.6

Thread setscrews H13 into rear shock bracket until they stop. Thread graphite pivot balls onto setscrews until tight against shock bracket.

Mount rear shocks by pressing the ball-joints onto the pivot balls on rockers and shock bracket.



Step 5.7

Assemble anti-roll bar pushrods by threading ball-joints onto each end of the metal tie-rod.

NOTE: The metal tie-rod has a CCW thread at the long end, and a CW thread at the short end.

Adjust anti-roll bar pushrods to a length of 68mm, measured end-to-end.



1:1

CW = Clockwise

CCW = Counter Clockwise

Step 5.8

Mount anti-roll bar pushrods by snapping the ball-joints onto the pivot balls on the rocker and on the crossblade.

Refer to Set Up Book for adjustments.



6. REAR BODY MOUNT



Step 6.1

Open bag O

R2 2.3mm

Attach rear bodymount arms to rear body mount with hinge pins (22mm). Secure pins with C-clips R2. Press small pivot ball into the center ball seat of the rear body mount, until it snaps into place.

Press long pin (66mm) into nylon T-bracket.



Step 6.2

R2 2.3mm

Mount T-bracket to lower rocker bracket with hinge pin (30mm). Secure pin with C-clips R2.



Step 6.3

E13 3x12mm

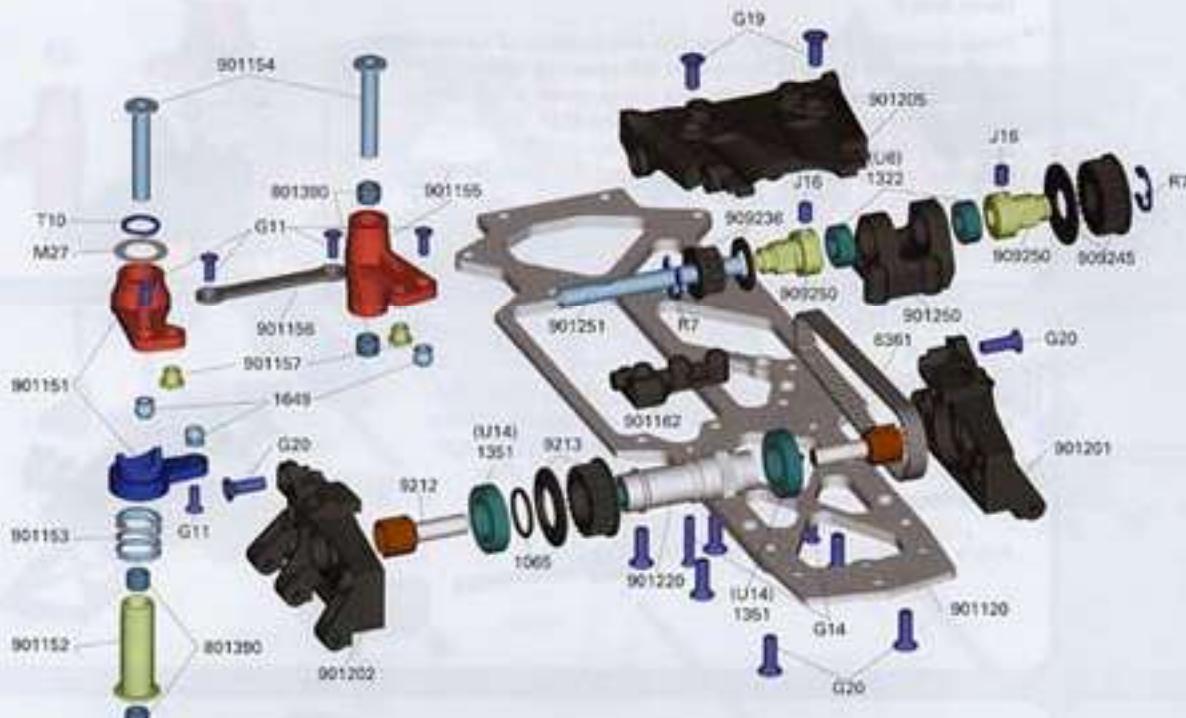
Open bag P

Slide T-bracket pin through pivot ball at center of body mount. Attach rear bodymount arms to rear uprights with screws E13 and bushings.

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Do not overly tighten screws E13, since bodymount must not bind when operating.



7. FRONT TRANSMISSION



Step 7.1 Open file R

Mount 24T pulley and side disk on alum. front axle. Secure with O-ring Y13. Apply ballbearings U14 to front axle. Insert front drive adapters into ends of front axle.

NOTE: Use only One-Way-Lube #1680 to lubricate the one-way bearings in the front axle.



Step 7.2 Open bag S

Mount pulleys and side disks to alum. pulley adapters. Secure pulleys to adapters with C-clips R7. Press ballbearings U6 into bearing cavities in both sides of middle bracket. Slide middle shaft through bearings in middle bracket. Mount 16T pulley to middle shaft on the right side (inside) of the middle bracket. Mount 25T pulley to middle shaft on the left side (outside) of middle bracket. Secure both pulley adapters to middle shaft with setscrews J16.



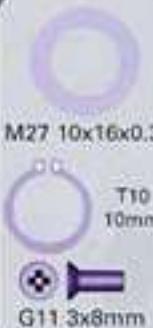
Step 7.3

Open bag V1 + V2

Mount completed middle bracket assembly to front chassis plate with screws G20.

Mount front Battery mount to front chassis plate with screws G20.

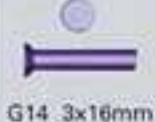




Step 7.4

Open bag T

Press 5mm long bushings into top and bottom of servo-saver shaft, and into top and bottom of left steering lever. Slide the following parts onto the servo-saver shaft: spring, lower nylon part, upper nylon part, shim M27. Secure assembly to servo-saver shaft with snap ring T10. Mount graphite balls to servo-saver and left steering ever with screws G11.



Step 7.5

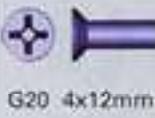
Slide pivot shafts downwards through servo-saver shaft and steering lever. Align servo-saver and steering lever on front chassis. Thread screws G14 upwards through bottom of front chassis plate into pivot shafts, then tighten screws securely.

Apply front timing belt over inner 16T pulley.



Step 7.6

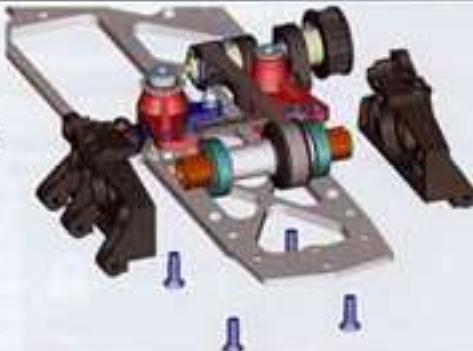
Press bushings upwards into servo saver and left steering lever. Pass graphite steering connector through front belt. Attach steering connector to servo-saver and steering lever with screws G11.



Step 7.7

Mount left front bearingblock to front chassis plate with screws G20. Insert front axle through free loop-end of front belt, and settle belt onto front axle pulley. Press front axle into left front bearingblock.

Place right front bearingblock over front axle, and mount to chassis plate with screws G20.



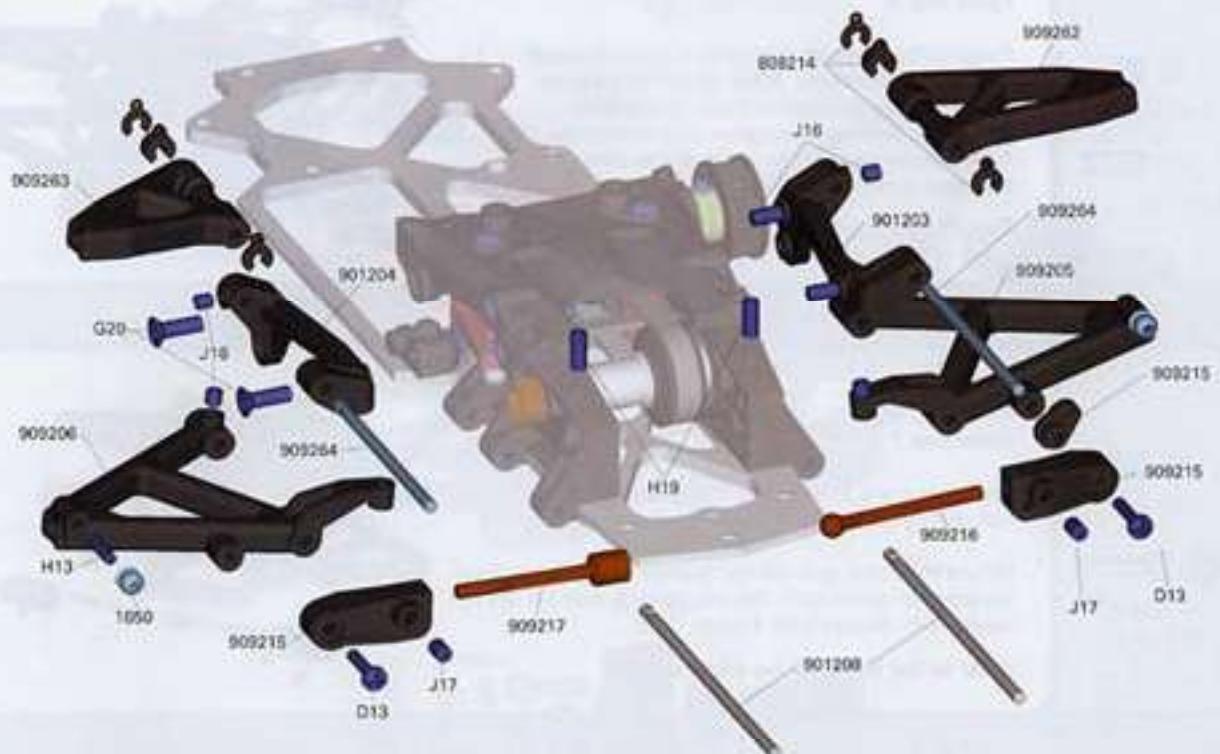
Step 7.8

Mount front shock support plate to front bearingblocks with top screws G19 and side screws G20.

Check the steering servo assembly for freedom of movement.



8. FRONT SUSPENSION PART 1



Step 8.1



H19 4x10mm



H13.3x12mm

Open bag W
Thread upstop setscrew H19 into inside extension of lower

Thread setscrew H13 into hole at the outside of lower

suspension arm. The 1990s saw the introduction of the first four-link independent front suspension system.

Thread graphite pivot ball onto setscrew.
Repeat for other lever suspension arm.



Step 8.2



100

Position lower front suspension arms in front bearingblocks. Slide lower hinge-pins (80mm) through aligned holes in arms and front bearingblocks. Secure pins in lower arms with setscrews J18.



10

Step 8-3



U

Mount upper front suspension brackets to front bearingblocks with screws G20. Mount them in the horizontal position initially.

RACING TIP: The upper suspension brackets can be mounted in 2 positions. The horizontal position is standard position. The angled position gives the car a slight anti-lift effect under acceleration.



Step 8.4

Open bag X

1:1

- J16 4x4mm
- H19 4x10mm

Position front upper suspension arms in upper suspension brackets. Slide upper hinge-pins (54mm) through aligned holes in brackets and arms. Secure hinge-pins with setscrews J16. Apply caster spacers to upper hinge-pins, between arms and brackets.

Thread downstop setscrews H19 into front bearingblocks.

**Step 8.5**

Open bag Y

- J17 4x6
- D13 3x12mm

Press the male and female front anti-roll blades into the nylon brackets. Secure with setscrews J17.

Mount the front anti-roll bar blades to the lower front suspension arms, with the adjustment cam on the left lower arm. Secure with screws D13.

Refer to Set Up Book for adjustments.

**SH 8.1. Elevated corner castor**

Front elevation corner. If adjusted with the pivot blocks in the lowest position of the front suspension arms, the front corner will appear to have too little angle when viewed from the side. This is called 'over-steer'.

**SH 8.2**

Turn the front body roll centre position counter-clockwise until the rear suspension corner is 8 degrees more off than the front corner.

**SH 8.3. Braking camber**

Braking camber is the angle of a wheel in a reference surface when the car is moving on the surface with a vertical acceleration component. 20 degrees (10% of driving camber) means that the wheel is perpendicular to the reference surface. Negative degree means that the top of the wheel is leaning towards positive degree means that the top of the wheel is leaning sideways. A special camber measuring tool is available from 'Racing at Road Camber'.

Camber affects the car's traction as it increases the area of grip and the contact area of the car. However, a wheel always leans least when the front tires exert the same lateral force that were originally caused by the track.

Braking camber affects the car's traction as it increases the area of grip and the contact area of the car. However, a wheel always leans least when the front tires exert the same lateral force that were originally caused by the track.

Decreasing the inter-axle camber-negative, increasing the roll gives the car more grip. However, because of changes in camber geometry, this increasing ground clearance may produce negative consequences in driving.

Driving camber is adjusted by increasing or decreasing spring preload with the spring adjustment stops on the wheel pivots. By increasing the amount of a particular setting, that corner of the car is lifted, and the corner people will become more positive. By decreasing the preload on a particular setting, that corner of the car is lowered, and the corner angle will become less than negative.

SH 8.4. Tilted corner camber

Driving camber is adjusted by increasing or decreasing spring preload with the spring adjustment stops on the wheel pivots. By increasing the amount of a particular setting, that corner of the car is lifted, and the corner people will become more positive. By decreasing the preload on a particular setting, that corner of the car is lowered, and the corner angle will become less than negative.

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SH 8.8. Braking camber

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9. FRONT SUSPENSION PART 2



Open bag Z

The left steeringblock can be distinguished by 4 dots



Step 9.1

Push pivot balls into cavities in front steeringblocks. Place nylon rings atop pivot balls (curved sides against the pivot balls). Apply grease to threads of alum. plugs. Thread alum. plugs into cavities in steeringblocks. Adjust alum. plugs to obtain the least possible play of the pivot balls, while still maintaining free movement of the pivot balls in the steeringblocks. Mount steering pivot balls to the tops of the steering arms with screws E11.



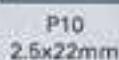
E11 3x8

Step 9.2

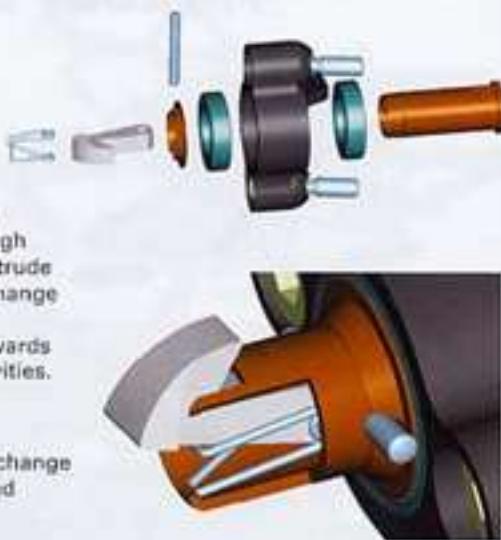
Open bag AA



U14 12x21mm

P10
2.5x22mm

Press ballbearings U14 into steeringblocks. Slide front wheelaxles through ballbearings until seated, then slide conical support washers over ends of axles. Insert alum. quick-change levers into end of axles, and align with holes in axles. Press pins P10 through the axles and levers, making sure that the pins protrude equally on each side of the axles. Push the quick-change lever springs through the open ends of the axles. (Tip: use a small screwdriver). Push the springs inwards until the 2 legs snap inside the ends of the axle cavities.



This cross-section shows the position of the quick-change lever spring. Note that the spring legs have snapped inside the outer edge of the wheelaxle.

Step 9.3

Position front driveshafts in front axle drivecups, and in front wheelaxles.

NOTE: Lubricate the ends of the driveshafts with a heavy grease or graphite spray before inserting. Repeat this after every 1 hour of usage.



Step 9.4

Thread the steeringblock pivot balls into the ends of the suspension arms. Turn each pivot ball only 1-2 turns at a time, checking that the driveshafts remain in place. Adjust the pivot balls until there is a gap between the steeringblocks and the ends of the suspension arms as indicated in the illustrations.

Upper
2.4mmLower
0.8mm

Step 9.5 Open bag AB

Assemble the steering trackrods by threading ball-joints onto each end of the metal tie-rod.

NOTE: The metal tie-rod has a CCW thread at the long end, and a CW thread at the short end.

Adjust trackrods to a length of 67.5mm, measured end-to-end.



CW = Clockwise
CCW = Counter Clockwise

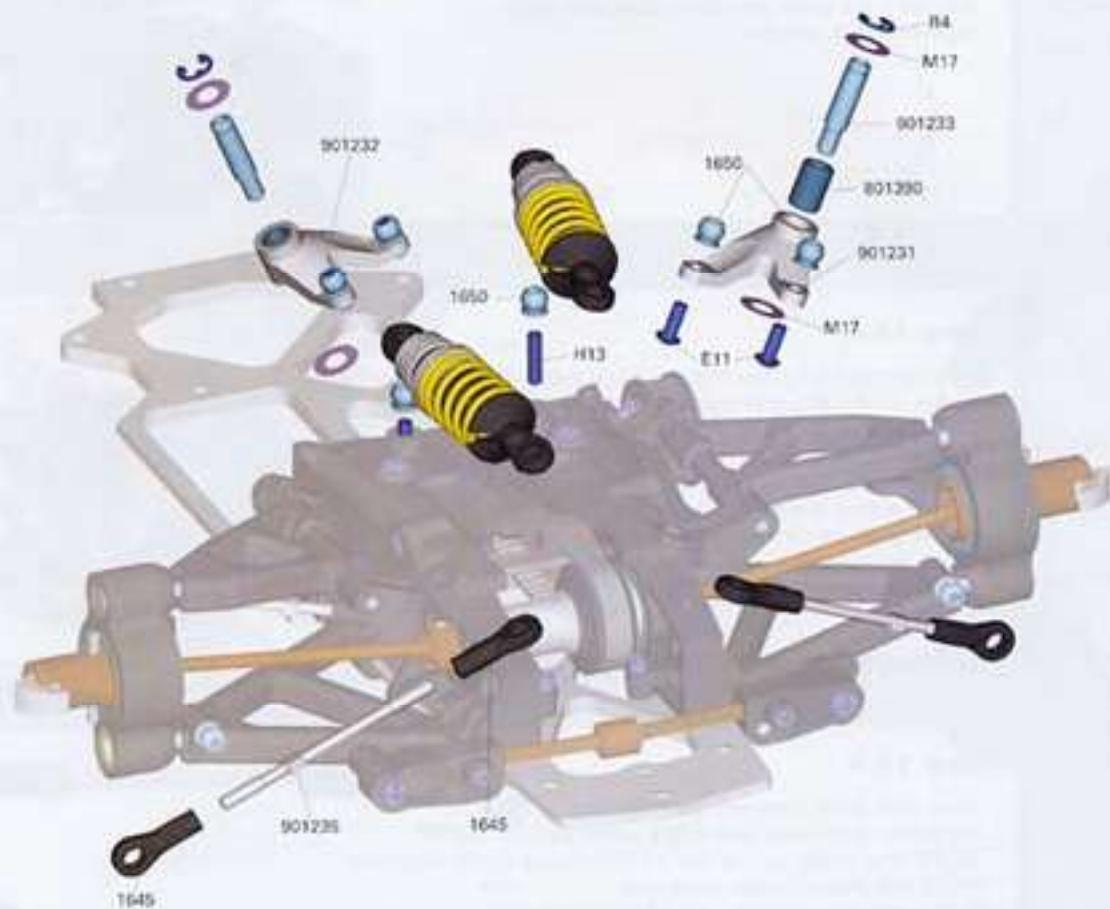
Step 9.6

Connect right trackrod to pivot balls on servo-saver and right steeringblock.

Connect left trackrod to pivot balls on steering lever and left steeringblock.

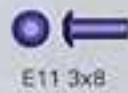


10. FRONT SHOCK MOUNTING



Step 10.1

Open bag AC



Press 10mm bushings into front rockers. Mount pivot balls to rockers with screws E11.

NOTE: There is a difference between the right and left front rockers.

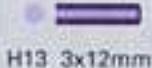


Step 10.2

Open bag AD

Thread rocker shafts into front bearing blocks. Rocker shafts should extend 12 mm out of the front bearing blocks.





H13 3x12mm

Step 10.3

Thread setscrews H13 into front shock bracket. Thread pivot balls onto setscrews until tight against shock bracket.



M14 5x10x0.1



R4 4mm

Step 10.4

Place shims M14, then front rockers, over rocker shafts. Place remaining shims M14 over rocker shafts, then secure rockers to shafts with C-clips R4.

NOTE: Adjust the axial play of the rocker on the rocker shaft by threading the rocker shaft in or out of the bearingblocks. There should be minimal play, but the rocker must rotate freely.

**Step 10.5**

Assemble front pushrods by threading ball-joints onto each end of the metal tie-rod.

NOTE: The metal tie-rod has a CCW thread at the long end, and a CW thread at the short end.

Adjust the pushrods to a length of 75mm, measured end-to-end.

NOTE: The ball-joints should be perpendicular (90°) to each other.



1:1



CW = Clockwise
CCW = Counter Clockwise

Step 10.6

Mount front pushrods on the pivot balls on lower suspension arms and front rockers.

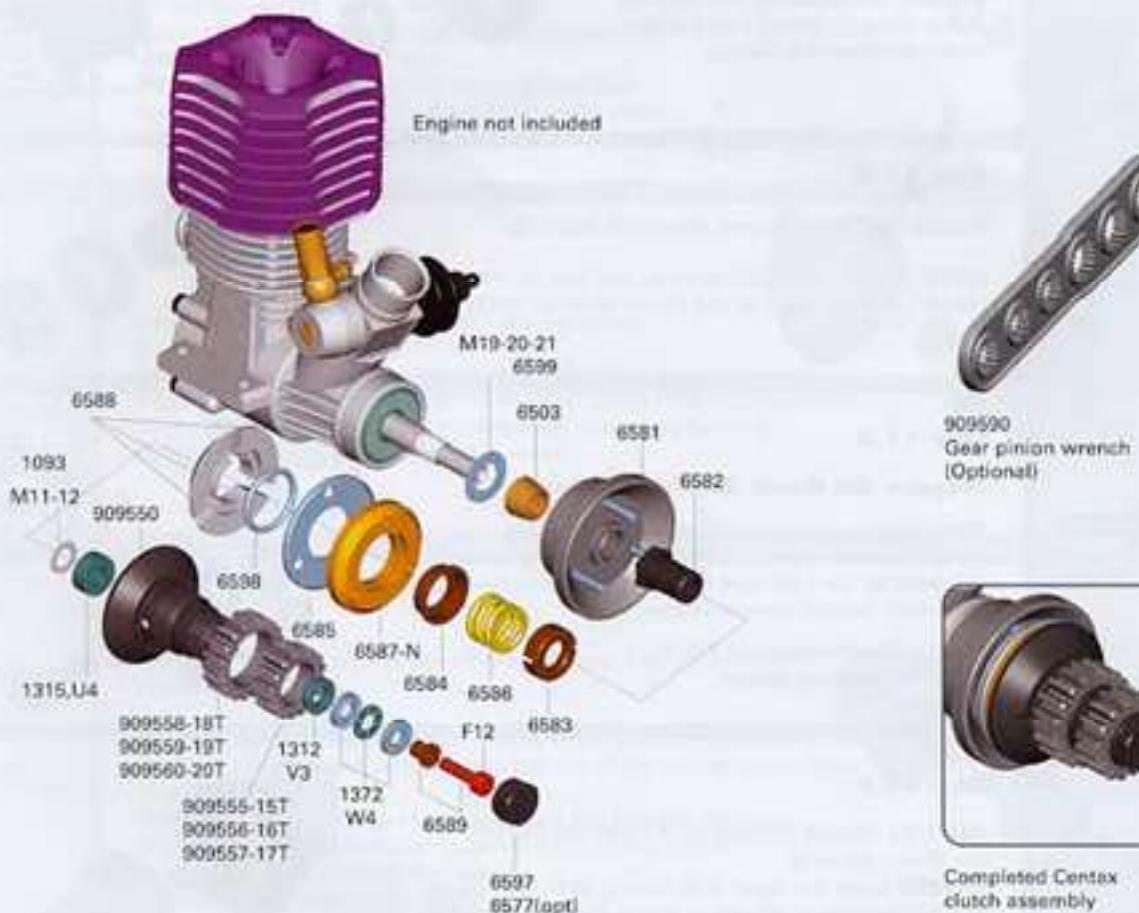
Check the front suspension for freedom of movement.

**Step 10.7**

Mount front shock absorbers by snapping ball-joints onto pivot balls on rockers and front shock bracket.



11. CENTAX 2-SPEED CLUTCH



Step 11.1

Open bag MC

Mount the 36 mm flywheel and the cone to the crankshaft with the clutch nut. Do NOT apply any shims behind the flywheel yet. Tighten the clutch nut, holding the flywheel by hand (not too tight as the flywheel needs to be disassembled later on to adjust the correct clutch shoe gap).



Step 11.2

Place the 3 fly-weights in the flywheel and apply the round spring.

Place the backing plate and the clutch shoe over the flywheel pins.



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Step 11.3

Apply the spring cup, the coil-spring and turn the adjusting nut onto the clutch nut until about 1 turn of the clutch nut thread is visible.



Step 11.4

Thread the 2 pinions onto the clutch housing.

NOTE: Insert a 2mm pin through the hole to hold the clutch housing, and use the Pinion Wrench #909550.



Step 11.5

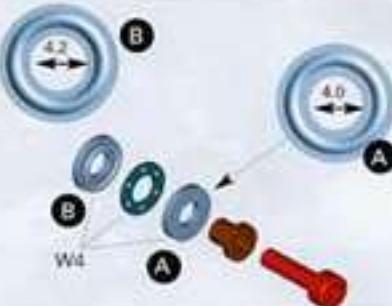
Prepare the thrust-bearing package:



F12: 3x10mm

Place the thrust-bearing plate with the 5.0mm inner diameter on the Centax thrust bearing spacer, followed by the ball-cage and then the thrust-bearing plate with 5.3mm inner diameter.

Insert socket-head screw F12 in the thrust-bearing spacer.



Step 11.6



V3: 5x8mm

Insert the flanged ballbearing V3 into the end of the clutch housing.

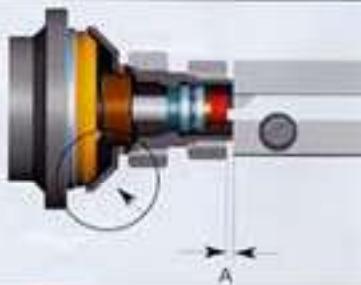
Do **NOT** insert the inner ballbearing 5x10 (U4) yet as this ballbearing is left out to adjust the Centax clutch clutch-shoe gap. Place the clutch housing over the crank-shaft and apply the thrust-bearing package. Thread screw F12 all the way in.



Step 11.7

Adjusting the clutch-shoe gap

Pull the clutch shoe out and measure the distance between the outer edge of the clutch housing and the top of the socket head screw.
This is measurement A.



Step 11.8

Push the clutch housing towards the clutch shoe and measure the distance between the outer edge of the clutch housing and the top of the socket head screw again.
This is measurement B.

Calculate the shim-thickness as follows:

Shim thickness = A - B - 0.6

For example: A= 1.2mm and B= 0.3mm

Shim Thickness = 1.2 - 0.3 - 0.6 = 0.3mm

Select shims to make up the correct

shim thickness (in this example 1 of 0.1mm and 1 of 0.3mm (M19+M20)).



Step 11.9

Disassemble the Centax clutch and take the flywheel off the crankshaft.
Apply shims (M19-20-21) with a total thickness as determined by the calculation.
Mount the flywheel cone and the flywheel with the clutch nut. Grip the flywheel firmly with pliers and tighten the clutch nut thoroughly.



M19 7x13x0.1
M20 7x13x0.3
M21 7x13x0.5

Step 11.10

Repeat the steps 2-3-4 to re-assemble the clutch fly-weights and the clutch shoe.
Insert ballbearing U4 into the inside cavity of the clutch housing.
Apply the clutch housing with the flanged ballbearing on the outside.
Slide the clutch housing onto crankshaft, and apply flanged ballbearing V3 into end of clutch housing.

U4 5x10mm

V3 5x8mm



Step 11.11

To reduce the end play of the clutch housing, 2 measurements must be made:

Pull the clutch housing out and measure the distance between the edge of the clutch housing and the top of the socket head screw. This is measurement C.



Push the clutch housing in and measure the distance between the edge of the clutch housing and the top of the socket head screw. This is measurement D.

Calculate shim size =C - D - 0.1mm.

Remove the clutch housing. Apply shims (M11-12) with a total thickness as determined by the calculation. Re-mount the clutch housing.

M11 5x8x0.1
M12 5x8x0.3

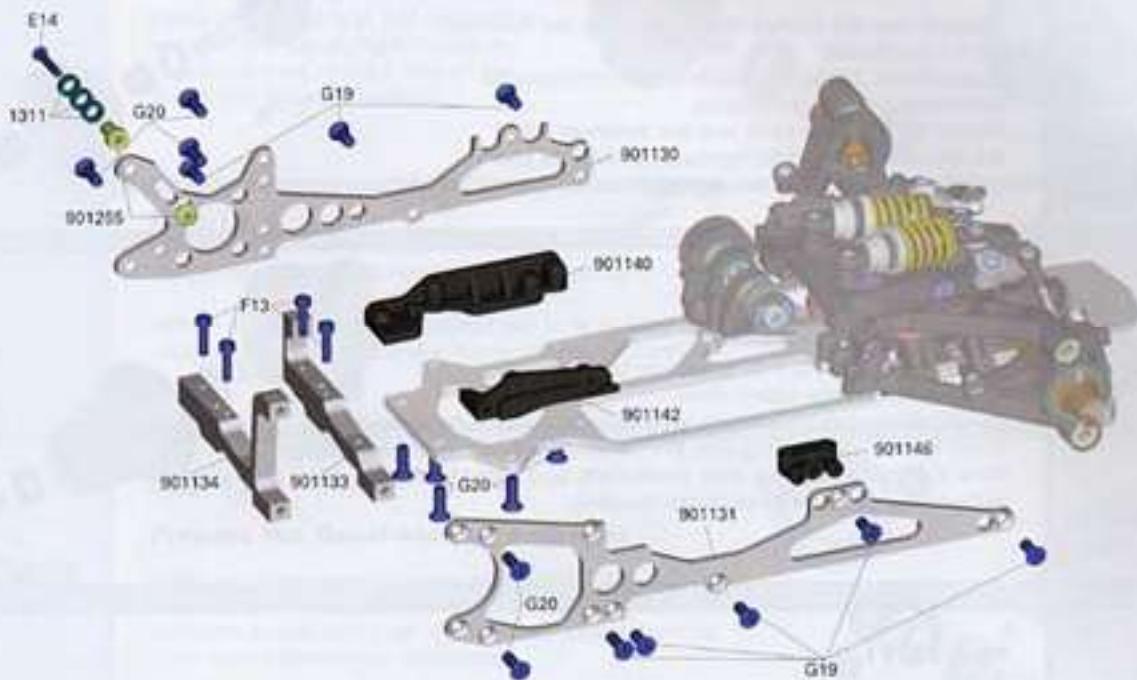
Step 11.12

The point of engagement is adjusted with the adjusting nut. Tightening the clutch nut makes the Centax clutch engage at higher RPM, releasing the adjusting nut makes the Centax clutch engage earlier.

To adjust the adjusting nut, insert a 2mm pin in the lateral hole and turn the flywheel until the pin falls into one of the slots of the adjusting nut. This locks the adjusting nut and the clutch housing. While holding the pin in the slot, turn the flywheel counter-clockwise to tighten the adjusting nut (engaging at higher revs) or clockwise to loosen the adjusting nut (engaging at lower revs).



12. CHASSIS ASSEMBLY PART 1



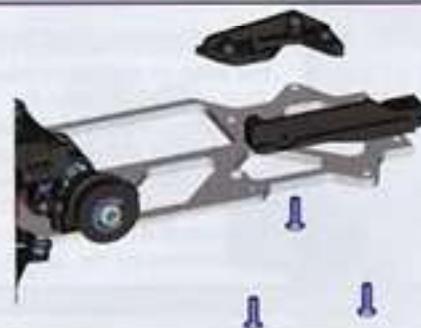
Step 12.1

Open bag AE1



G20 4x12mm

Mount lower chassis connectors to front chassis plate with screws G20.



Step 12.2

Open bag AE2



G19 4x10mm

Mount left sideplate to middle bearing block and chassis connector with screws G19.



Step 12.3

Mount engine mounting brackets to front chassis plate and left sideplate with screws G20.

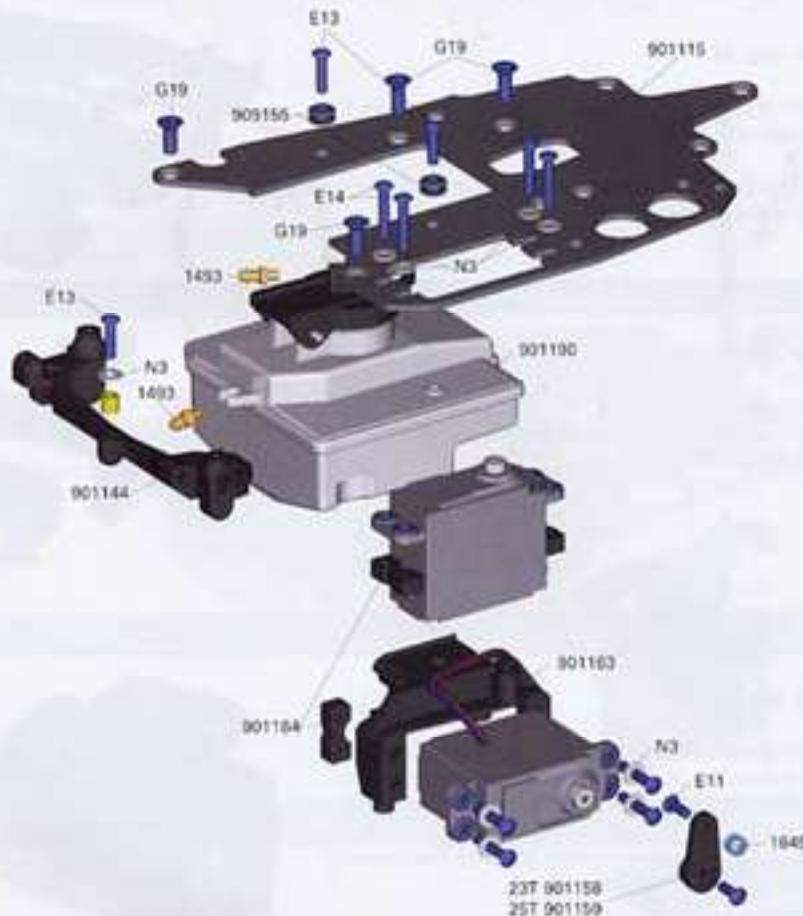
Note: Please consider step 12.7 carefully.



G20 4x12mm



14. RADIOPATE ASSEMBLY PART 1



Step 14.1

Open bag A1

Thread fuel nipple into fuel outlet. Thread pressure nipple into fuel tank cap.

Tip: Use an M3 screw (such as E13) to pre-thread the holes before screwing the nipples in.



Step 14.2

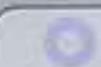
Open bag AK

Mount fuel tank to radioplate with rubber grommets and screws E13.

RACING TIP: Check the volume of the fuel tank before entering into a competition. Due to manufacturing tolerances, the volume may exceed the max. allowed 125cc.



E13 - 3x12mm



N3: 3.2mm



E13 - 3x12mm



G19 4x10mm

Step 14.3

Apply washer N3 and a 5mm piece of fuel-tubing to screw E13. Thread screw into middle hole of cross bracket. This screw will hold the fuel tank in place.

Mount cross bracket to radioplate with screws G19.





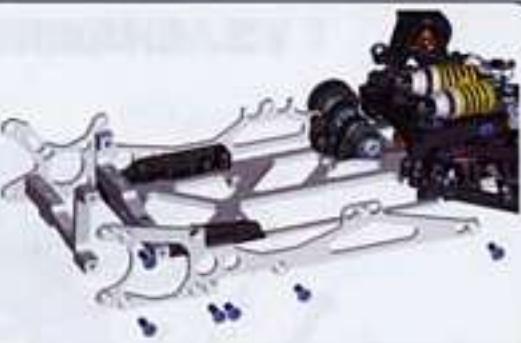
G20 4x12mm



G19 4x10mm

Step 12.4**Open bag AE3**

Mount right sideplate to engine mount brackets with screws G20, and to chassis connector and front battery holder with screws G19.



G19 4x10mm

Step 12.5

Mount right upper chassis connector to right sideplate with screw G19.



U3 5x8mm



E14 3x16mm

Step 12.6**Open bag AF**

Apply 3 ballbearings U3 to belt tensioner shaft. Insert screw E14 through belt tensioner shaft. Place belt tensioner nut on inside of left sideplate, within elongated hole. Secure belt tensioner shaft to nut by tightening screw E14.

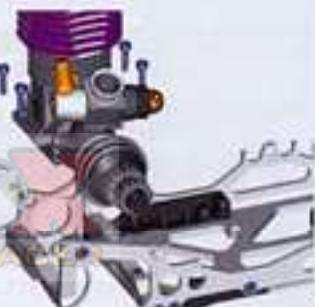


F13 3x12mm

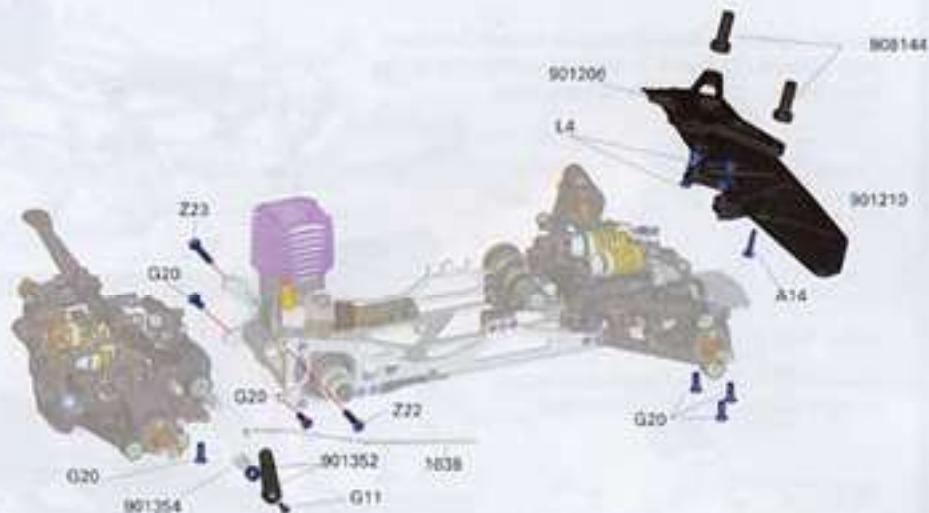
Step 12.7

First mount both engine mounts into the chassis, do not tighten the screws G20 all the way. It is enough if the screws are just touching the countersunk surfaces in the side plates. In this way the engine mounts still can move a little.

Next you mount the engine. Tighten the crews as you do normally. Loosen all the mounting screws of the engine mounts about 1 turn. Take out the screws one for one and put them back into place after adding some thread lock. Tighten the screws, as you would normally do. Take out the engine. The mounts should be flat now. If you want, you can flatten the blocks on top using a fine file. Be careful, because it is easy to file them "out of shape".



13. CHASSIS ASSEMBLY PART 2



Step 13.1

Open bag AG (Medium box)

Mount rear-end assembly to side plates and engine mounting brackets, using top left screw Z23, top right screw Z22, and remaining screws G20.



Step 13.2

Mount front bumper to chassis plate with screws G20 and nuts L4.



Step 13.3

Mount front body-plate to front bearingblocks with screws G20. Mount bodyposts to front body-plate with screws A14, which are inserted upward through the bottom of the bumper. Add the front body-post stops and pins.



Step 13.4

Open bag AH

Insert brake linkage rod through hole in brake lever. *NOTE: Brake rod should be on the inside of the brake lever.*

Apply return spring then splined adapter to brake shaft. Mount brake lever to brake shaft, and secure with screw G11. Bend brake linkage rod to clear other parts.



13. CHASSIS ASSEMBLY PART 2



Step 13.1

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Step 13.4

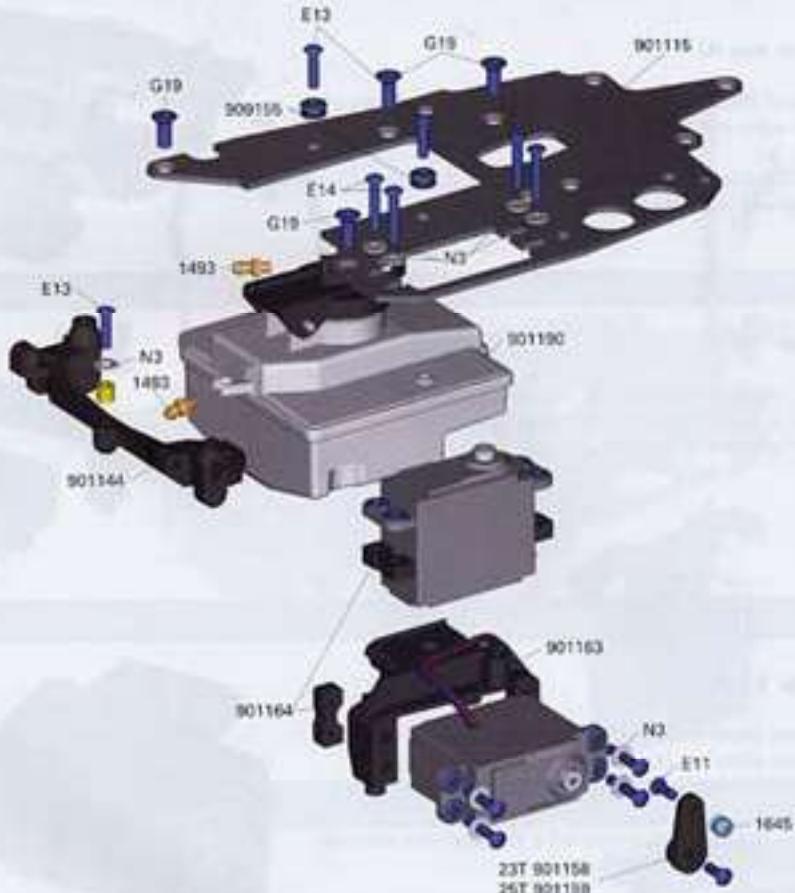
Open bag AH

Insert brake linkage rod through hole in brake lever. **NOTE:** Brake rod should be on the inside of the brake lever.

Apply return spring then splined adapter to brake shaft. Mount brake lever to brake shaft, and secure with screw G11. Bend brake linkage rod to clear other parts.



14. RADIOPATE ASSEMBLY PART 1



Step 14.1

Open bag A1

Thread fuel nipple into fuel outlet. Thread pressure nipple into fuel tank cap.

Tip: Use an M3 screw (such as E13) to pre-thread the holes before screwing the nipples in.



Step 14.2

Open bag AK

Mount fuel tank to radioplate with rubber grommets and screws E13.

RACING TIP: Check the volume of the fuel tank before entering into a competition. Due to manufacturing tolerances, the volume may exceed the max. allowed 125cc.



E13 3x12mm



N3 3.2mm



E13 3x12mm



G19 4x10mm

Step 14.3

Apply washer N3 and a 5mm piece of fuel-tubing to screw E13. Thread screw into middle hole of cross bracket. This screw will hold the fuel tank in place.

Mount cross bracket to radioplate with screws G19.





Step 14.4

Open bag AL

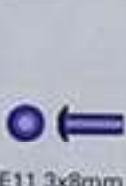
Mount throttle servo to radioplate with screws E14 and washers N3.

NOTE: It is advisable to always use the rubber grommets supplied with the servo.



Step 14.5

Mount steering servo to mounting bracket with screws E14 and washers N3. Use spacers if needed.



Step 14.6

Mount pivot ball to steering lever with screw E11. Mount steering lever to steering servo with the screw that is supplied with the servo.

Route the steering servo wire through the channel in the mounting bracket.



Step 14.7

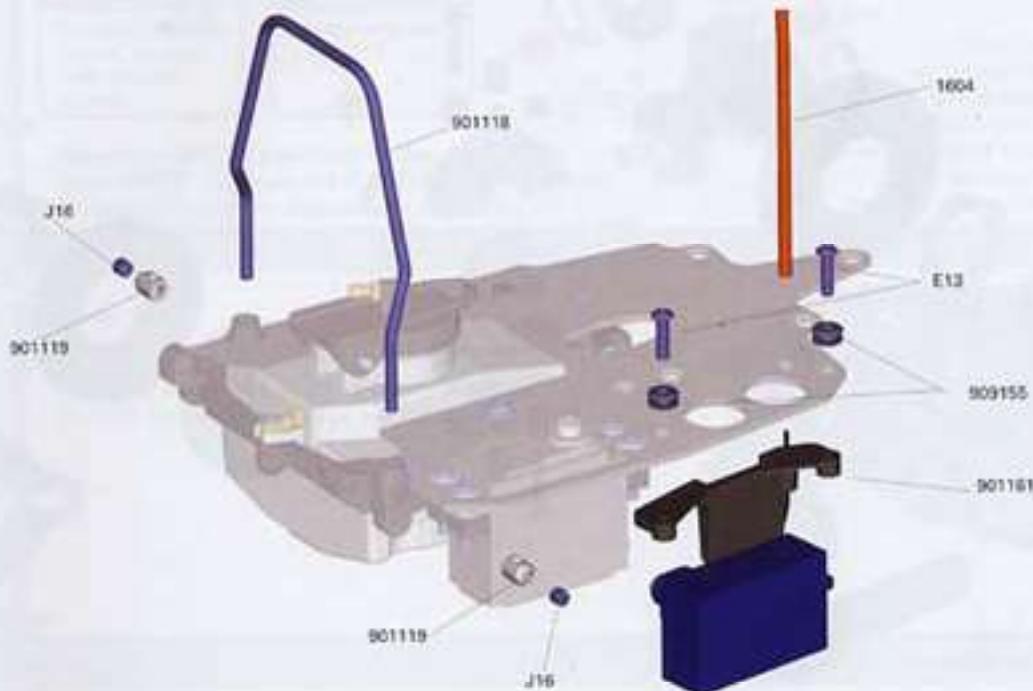
Mount steering servo assembly to radioplate with screws G19.



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15. RADIOTPLATE ASSEMBLY PART 2



E13 3x12mm

Step 15.1

Open bag AM

Mount receiver to receiver mount with tape.

RACING TIP: To protect the receiver against fuel and moisture, pack the receiver into a balloon before mounting it.

Attach receiver mount to radiotplate with screws E13 and rubber grommets.

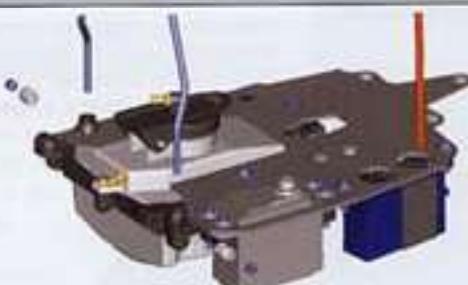


J16 4x4mm

Step 15.2

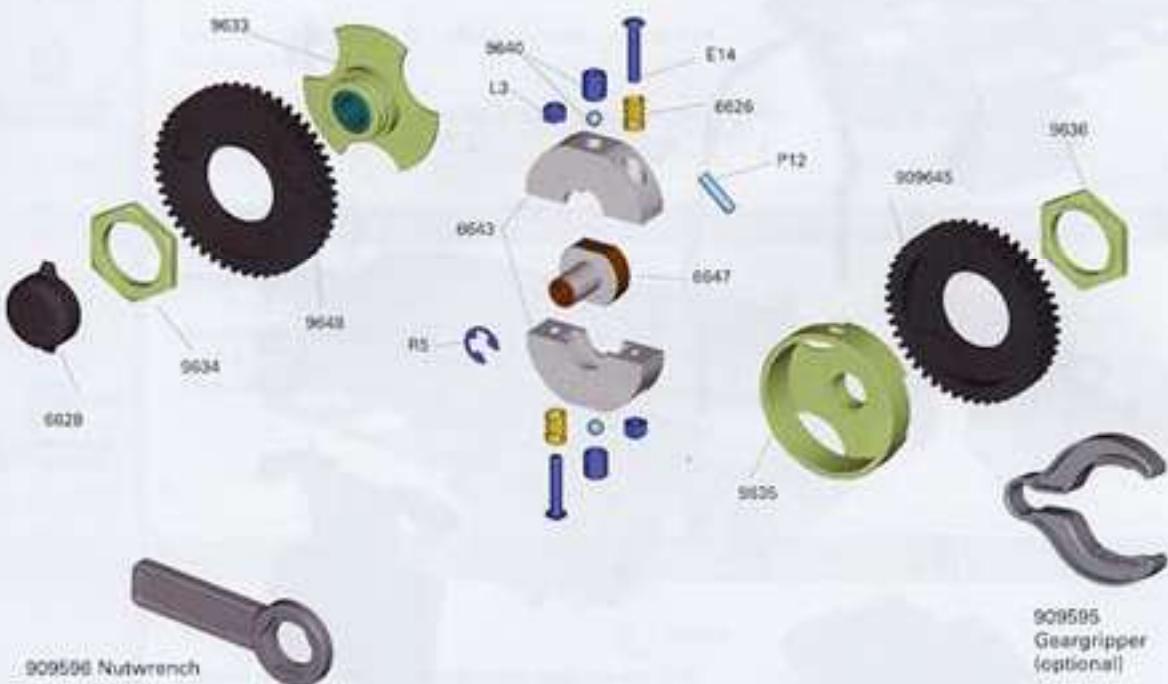
Insert alum. collars into cross bracket, then insert roll-over bar into cross bracket and through the alum. collars.

Secure the roll-over bar in the alum. collars with setscrews J16.



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16. 2-SPEED GEAR BOX



Step 16.1

Open bag AN



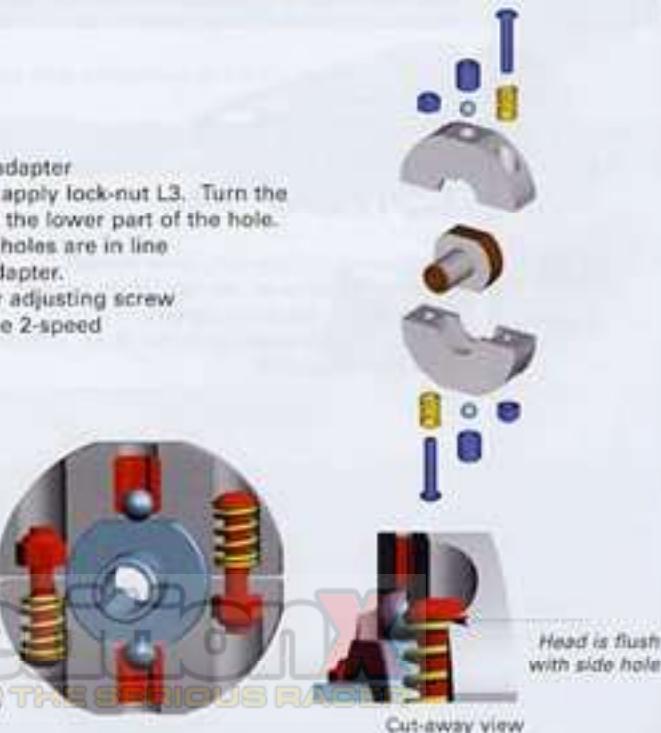
E14 3x16mm



L3 3mm

Place the 2 shoes on 2-speed drive adapter. Place the spring over screw E14 and apply lock-nut L3. Turn the screws in until the head is flush with the lower part of the hole. Position the shoes so that the larger holes are in line with the flats on the 2-speed drive adapter. Insert the balls and turn in the center adjusting screw until the shoes are just pushed off the 2-speed drive adapter.

Note: the position of the 2 spring loaded screws. They should be flush with the side of the hole. Final adjustment is made when the car is tested on the track. For an earlier shifting point, loosen the screws. For a later shifting point, tighten the screws.





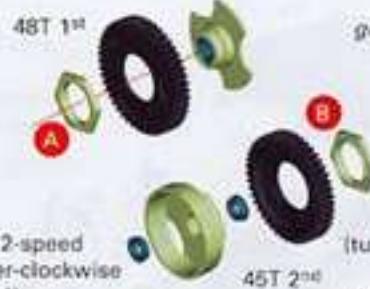
Step 16.2



A
Counter clockwise
thread, marked
with the little
groove



B
Clockwise thread



Mount the 48T 1st gear spur on the 48T 2-speed drive flange, using alu.nut A with counter-clockwise thread (turn counter-clockwise to tighten!).

Note: Use the optional gear gripper #909595 and the special nut wrench #909596.

Mount the 45T second gear on the 2-speed clutch-bell, using the alu. nut B (turn clockwise to tighten). Apply ballbearings V5 to the 2-speed clutchbell.



Step 16.3

Place the 2-speed clutch-bell over the lay-shaft and insert pin P12 through the hole of the 2-speed lay-shaft.



Step 16.4

Slide the assembled 2-speed clutch shoes onto the 2-speed layshaft and seat it over the pin. Now you can adjust the 2 center screws to set the shoe gap. First release both center screws to make sure that the shoes rest on the drive adapter. Turn 1 center screw in until the clutch shoe touches the clutchbell. (This can be checked by spinning the clutchbell.) Then turn the center screw out half a turn, and the clutchbell should spin freely. Repeat the adjustment for the other center adjusting screw.



Cut-away view

Step 16.5

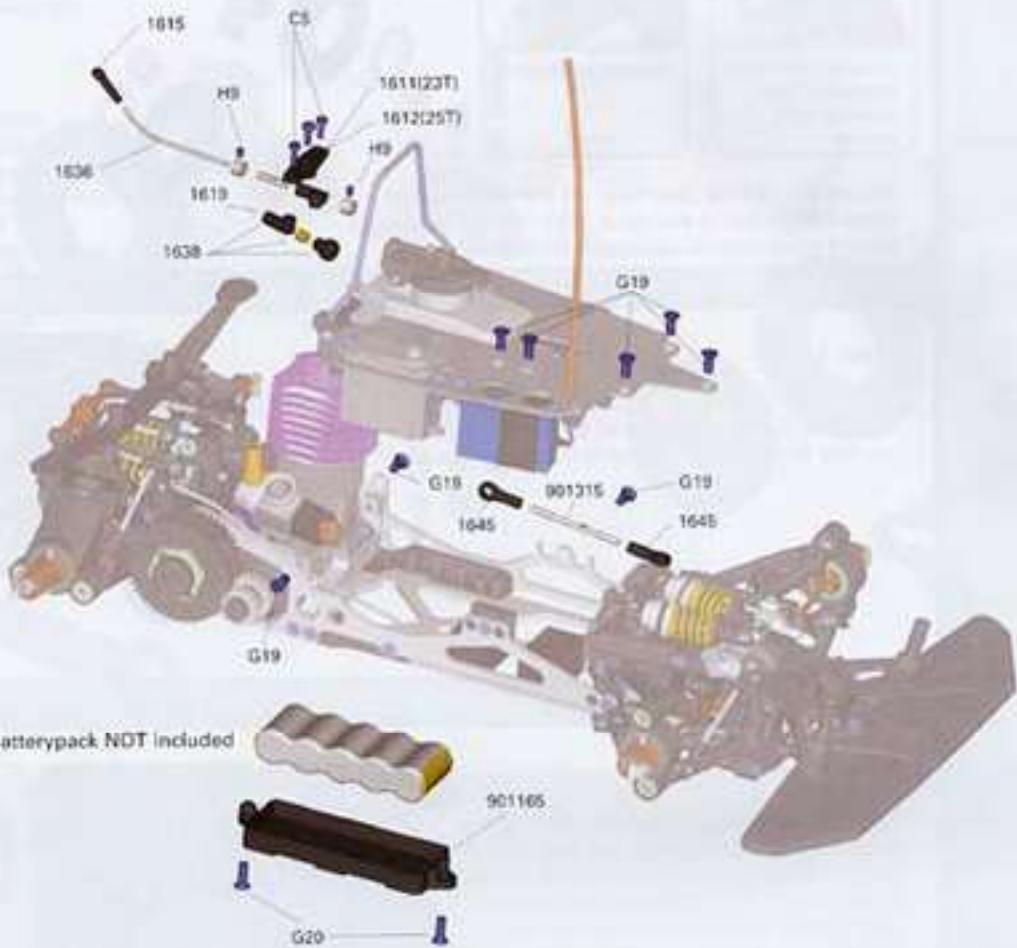
After you have adjusted the 2-speed clutch shoes, apply the 1st gear assembly and secure to layshaft with C-clip R5. Press the nylon dust-cap onto the 1st gear drive flange.

NOTE: The one-way bearing is very sensitive to lubrication. Use only Serpent One-way Lube #1680 (not included) for highest reliability.



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17. LINKAGES



Step 17.1

Open bag AO

Assemble the steering rod by threading ball-joints onto each end of the metal tie-rod.

NOTE: The metal tie-rod has a CW thread at the long end, and a CCW thread at the short end.

Adjust steering-rod to a length of 68.5mm, measured end-to-end.

NOTE: The ball-joints should be perpendicular (90°) to each other.



Step 17.2

Press steering rod ball-joint onto servo-saver pivot ball.

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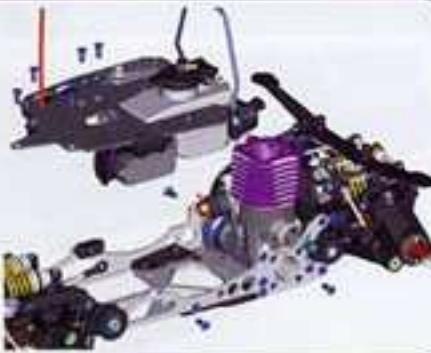


G19 4x10mm

Step 17.3

Mount radioplate to chassis with screws G19.

Press free end of steering rod onto pivot ball on steering servo lever. (This can be done through the top hole in the radioplate.)



C5 2.5x8mm



H9 3x4mm

Step 17.4

Assemble throttle linkage. Cut throttle linkage wire at 70mm, measured from the threaded end. Mount throttle linkage lever to underside of servo arm with screw C5. Mount brake linkage lever to underside of servo arm with screw C5. Apply alu. collar and spring to throttle linkage wire, and insert wire in throttle linkage lever.

Apply 2nd alu. collar to the end of the wire.

Secure collars with setscrew H9. Use the alu. collars to adjust the throttle linkage to the correct length.

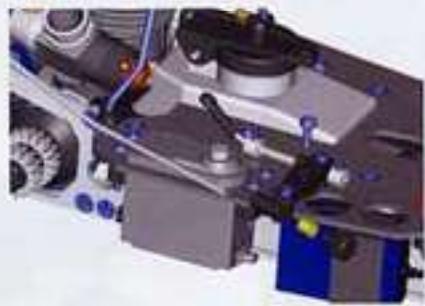
NOTE: Do not tighten screws C5 completely to allow linkage levers to turn.

**Step 17.5**

Insert brake linkage rod through brake linkage lever, apply 5mm of fuel-tubing over end of rod, then thread nylon brake adjusting nut onto linkage rod.

Mount throttle servo lever to throttle servo with the screw that is supplied with the servo.

Press ball-joint of throttle linkage onto carburetor ball.

**Step 17.6****Open bag AP**

Mount a 5-cell receiver battery pack to the battery holder.

Mounting of switch

Mount the switch by gluing it to the final battery cell (nearest to the front of the car), with the lever of the switch facing towards the side plate. It can now be accessed through the side plate.



G20 4x12mm

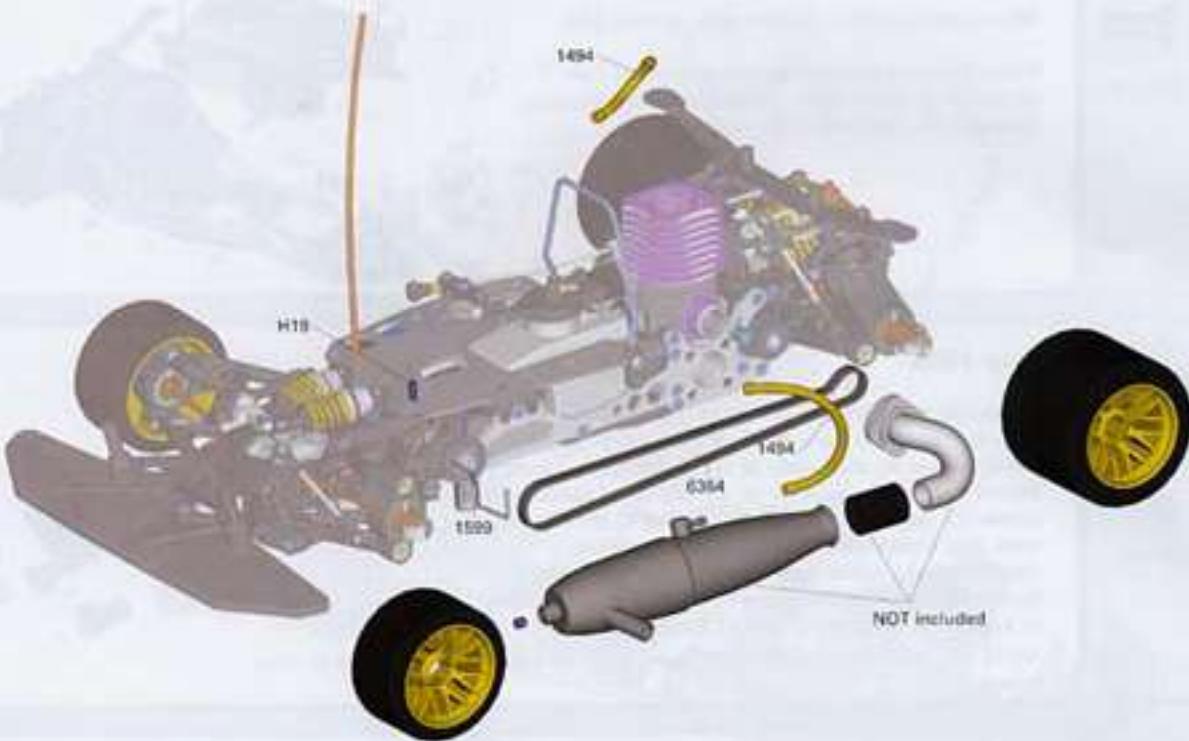
Step 17.7

Mount battery pack from the bottom of the chassis, first hooking in the rear part.

Secure battery mount to chassis with screws G20.



18. FINAL ASSEMBLY



Step 18.1

Apply side belt over side pulleys, and adjust belt tension with the belt tensioner.



Step 18.2

Adjust the gear-mesh between the clutch pinion and the gearbox gears, then tighten the engine mounting screws firmly.



Step 18.3

Insert exhaust mounting wire into hole in left front suspension bracket, and secure with setscrew H19.

H19 - 4x10mm



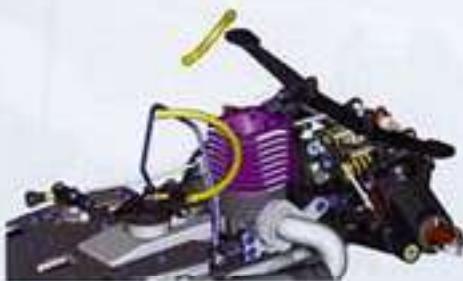
Step 18.4

Attach exhaust header to engine with the spring supplied with the exhaust system. Attach the exhaust pipe to the header with the rubber coupler, securing the coupler with pull-ties. Mount exhaust pipe on mounting wire and secure with setscrew that comes with exhaust.

**Step 18.5**

Connect fuel line between fuel tank outlet and carburetor.

Connect fuel line (pressure line) between exhaust pipe nipple and fuel tank cap nipple.

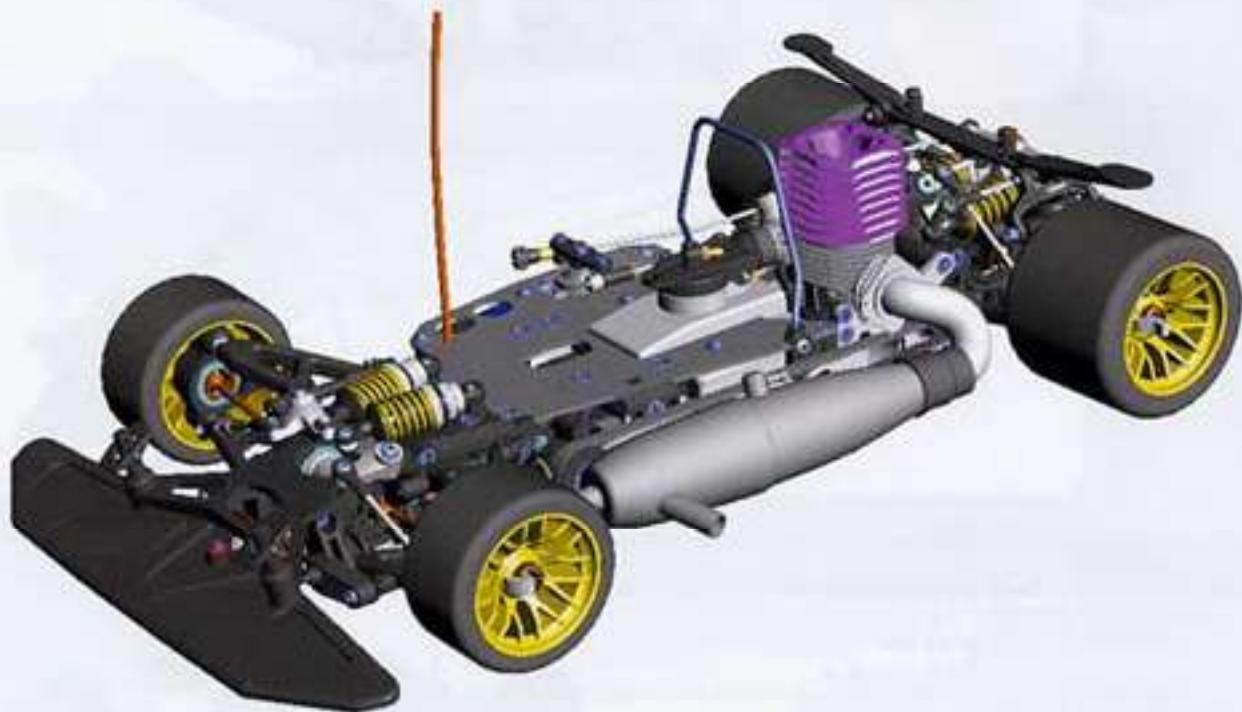
**Step 18.6***Open small box*

Apply the front and rear wheels.



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**Congratulations, your new model racecar
is now finished!**



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